COVID-19 Antigen Test Instruction for Use



Format: Cassette

Specimen: Nasal Swab

Catalog Number: A03-50-422PNS1/A03-50-422PNS5/A03-50-422PNS25

Specimen: Nasopharyngeal Swab Catalog Number: A03-50-422PNP1/A03-50-422PNP5/A03-50-422PNP25

* Please read the instructions carefully before use

INTENDED USE

Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test is a lateral flow immunochromatographic assay for the qualitative detection of SARS CoV-2 nucleocapsid protein from nasopharyngeal or nasal swab samples obtained from individuals suspected of COVID-19 by their healthcare provider within five to seven days of symptom onset, when tested at least twice over three days with at least 48 hours between tests, or from individuals without symptoms or other epidemiological reasons to suspect COVID-19 infection, when tested at least three times over five days with at least 48 hours between tests. The rapid test device is for professional and point of care use only and is intended to be used as an aid in the diagnosis of SARS-CoV-2 infection.

This assay provides preliminary test results. Positive results indicate the presence of viral antigens, but the clinical correlation with patient history and other diagnostic information is necessary to determine infection status. Positive results do not rule out a bacterial infection or co-infection with other viruses. The agent detected may not be the definite cause of disease. Negative results from asymptomatic patients suspected of SARS-CoV-2 exposure and patients with symptom onset beyond seven days should be treated as presumptive and confirmation with a molecular assay, if necessary, for patient management, may be performed. Negative results do not rule out SARS-CoV-2 infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment or patient management decisions, including infection control decisions. Negative results should be considered in the context of a patient's recent exposures, history and the presence of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with COVID-19.

Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test may be used in any laboratory and non-laboratory environment that meets the requirements specified in the instructions for use and local regulation. This product is intended for use by healthcare professionals in clinical laboratories or Point of Care (POC) settings. The result of this test should not be the sole basis for the diagnosis and the test results should be confirmed by the local government approved Real-Time Reverse Transcriptase (RT)-PCR Diagnostic kit.

SUMMARY AND PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) is the virus strain that caused an outbreak of a novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19), which has subsequently affected countries and regions worldwide. Severe disease onset might result in death due to massive alveolar damage and progressive respiratory failure. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the global outbreak of COVID-19 a pandemic associated with substantial morbidity and mortality.

Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test is an antigen-capture immunochromatographic assay, detecting presence of SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid protein in nasopharyngeal swab specimens. SARS-CoV-2 specific antibody and a control antibody are immobilized onto a membrane support as two distinct lines-Test line(T) and Control line(C) and combined with colloidal gold-monoclonal antibody against SARS-CoV-2 antigen deposited on the conjugate pad to construct a test strip. When the swab sample migrates in the test strip, SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid protein binds to anti-SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid protein antibody-gold conjugate, forming an immune complex. The immune complex is then captured by the test line on the nitrocellulose membrane as it migrates through the strip, forming a visible pink or purple line, indicating positive result. If SARS-CoV-2 are absent in the sample, no pink or purple line will appear in the test line, indicating a negative result.

To serve as an internal process control, a control band was designed to indicate that the test is performed properly. This control line should always be seen after test is completed. Absence of a control line in the control region is an indication of an invalid result.

PACKAGE CONTENTS

- Test cassettes with desiccant in individual pouch (Catalog No. A03-50-422P): 1 device for 1pc/pack, 5 devices for 5 pcs/pack, 25 devices for 25 pcs/pack
- Extraction tubes sealed with sample extraction buffer (300μL/tube): 1 tube for 1pc/pack, 5 tubes for 5 pcs/pack, 25 tubes for 25 pcs/pack.
- Extraction tube caps: 1 cap for 1pc/pack, 5 caps for 5 pcs/pack, 25 caps for 25 pcs/pack.
- Sterilized nasopharyngeal swabs (Catalog No. 96000) for Catalog A03-50-422PNP1, A03-50-422PNP5 and A03-50-422PNP25 for nasopharyngeal swab specimens; 1 nasopharyngeal swab for 1pc/pack, 5 nasopharyngeal swabs for 5 pcs/pack, 25 nasopharyngeal swabs for 25 pcs/pack.
- Sterilized nasal swabs (Catalog No.CF $\overline{\text{O75-P 3 B}}$) for Catalog A03-50-422PNS1, A03-50-422PNS5 and A03-50-422PNS25 for nasal swab specimens; 1 nasal swab for 1pc/pack, 5 nasal swabs for 5 pcs/pack, 25 nasal swabs for 25 pcs/pack
- 1 tube rack for 25 pcs/pack.
- 1 Instruction for Use

MATERIALS REQUIRED (BUT NOT PROVIDED)

- · Personal protective equipment
- Timer
- Biohazard container

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- For in vitro diagnostic use only.
- •The test is designed only for the detection of nasopharyngeal swab and nasal swab specimens.
- This test is only for the detection of proteins from SARS-CoV-2, not for any other viruses or pathogens.
- Do not reuse
- Do not use if the pouch seal or its packaging is compromised. · Do not use after the expiration date shown on the pouch.
- Do not mix and interchange different specimens.
- The swabs in the kits are approved for use with Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test. Do not use other swabs
- If the test is stored refrigerated, ensure that the test units are brought to room temperature (15-30°C at least 30mins before performing testing.
- Immediately use after opening the test device in the pouch.
- Complete the test within 1 hour after the reagent is opened.
 In order to obtain accurate results, the test must follow this package insert.
- Wear personal protective equipment such as laboratory coats, disposable gloves and eye protection when running each test and handling patient specimens. Change gloves between handling of specimens suspected of COVID-19.
- Wash hands thoroughly after finishing the tests.
- . Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the area where the specimens or kits are being handled.
- . Clean up spills thoroughly with appropriate disinfectants.

- · Handle all specimens as if they contain infectious agents. Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout testing procedures.
- Dispose of all specimens and used devices in a proper bio-hazard container. The handling and disposal of hazardous materials should follow local, national, or regional regulations.
- Keep out of children's reach.
- If the extraction buffer contacts the skin or eye, flush with copious amounts of water.

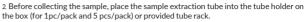
SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Note:

Before proceeding with sample collection and testing, please read the instructions carefully, and operate strictly in accordance with the instructions.

Freshly collected specimens should be processed immediately. Specimens in Artron sample extraction buffer are stable for up to 4 hours at 2-8°C or room temperature

1 Tear off the aluminum foil seal from the extraction tube.



3. Remove the swab from the pouch.



4a. For Nasopharvngeal Swab Specimen collection

- 1. Insert a sterile swab into the nostril of the patient, reaching the surface of the posterior nasopharynx.
- Swab over the surface of the posterior nasopharynx.









4b. For Nasal Swab Specimen collection

1. Insert the entire absorbent tip of the swab into your nostril, but do not insert the swab more than 3/4 of an inch (1.5 cm) into vour nose.

2. Slowly rotate the swab in a circular path against the inside of your nostril at least 5 times for a total of 15 seconds. Be sure to collect any nasal drainage that may be present on the swab.

3. Gently remove the

4. Using the same swab, repeat steps 1 - 3 in your other nostril.









5. Insert the swab in the extraction tube. Swirl the swab tip vigorously in the buffer fluid at least 10

6. Remove the swab by rotating against the extraction tube while squeezing the sides of the tube to release the liquid from the swab. Properly discard the swab.

7. Close the extraction tube with the provided extraction tube cap and push firmly onto the tube.

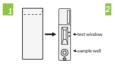






TEST PROCEDURES

- 1. Get the test cassette from the sealed pouch by tearing at the notch and place the cassette on a flat, dry surface
- 2. Hold the extraction tube vertically above the sample well, slowly add 4 drops of the specimen without air bubbles into the sample well. DO NOT touch the card with the dropper tip while dispensing.
- 3. Read and interpret the test result within 15-30 minutes. The test result should not be read and interpreted after 30 minutes. If a test shows a negative result at the 15 minutes, not to discard the device immediately as some positive results may develop later in the 15-30 mininterval.
- 4. All used test components should be disposed of in Biohazard Container











RESULT INTERPRETATION

Negative:

A clear pink or purple colored band appears only at the control region (C), indicating a negative result.

To increase the chance that the negative result for COVID-19 is accurate, you should:

- Test again in 48 hours if the individual has symptoms on the first day of testing
- Test 2 more times at least 48 hours apart if the individual does not have symptoms on the first day of testing.

A negative test result indicates that the virus that causes COVID-19 was not detected in the sample. A negative result does not rule out COVID-19. There is a higher chance of false negative results with antigen tests compared to laboratory-based tests such as PCR tests. If the test is negative but COVID-19-like symptoms, e.g., fever, cough, and/or shortness of breath continue, follow up testing for SARS-CoV-2 with a molecular test or testing for other respiratory disease should be considered. If applicable, seek follow up care with the primary health care provider.



Negative



Invalid

All negative results should be treated as presumptive and confirmation with a molecular assay may be necessary if there is a high likelihood of SARS-CoV-2 infection, such as in an individual with a close contact with COVID-19 or with suspected exposure to COVID-19 or in communities with high prevalence of infection. Negative results do not rule out SARS-CoV-2 infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment or patient management decisions. including infection control decisions.

Positive

A clear pink or purple control band (C) and a detectable test band (T) appear, indicating a positive result. Repeat testing does not need to be performed if the patient has a positive result at any time.

Invalid

No visible band appears at the control region. Repeat with a new test kit. If the test still fails, please contact the distributor with the lot number.

Repeat testing is needed to improve test accuracy. Please follow the table below when interpreting test results

Status on First Day of Testing	First Result Day 1	Second Result Day 3	Third Result Day 5	Interpretation
With Symptoms	Positive	N/A	N/A	Positive for COVID-19
With Cymptomo	Negative	Positive	N/A	Positive for COVID-19
	Negative	Negative	N/A	Negative for COVID-19
Without	Positive	N/A	N/A	Positive for COVID-19
Symptoms	Negative	Positive	N/A	Positive for COVID-19
-,	Negative	Negative	Positive	Positive for COVID-19
	Negative	Negative	Negative	Negative for COVID-19

Results should be considered in the context of an individual's recent exposures, history, and the presence of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with COVID-19.

OUALITY CONTROL

Although the testing device contains an internal quality control (pink or purple colored band in the control region), good laboratory practice recommends the daily use of an outside control to ensure proper testing device performance. Quality control samples should be tested according to the standard quality control requirements established by your laboratory.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- The test device in the sealed pouch can be stored at 2-30°C up to the expiration date. Do not freeze the test device.
- The test device should be kept away from direct sunlight, moisture, and heat.
- Shelf life:24 months.

LIMITATIONS

- The test is only intended for nasopharyngeal swab and nasal swab specimens that are collected and tested directly, not for swab specimens stored in virus transport media.
- Failure to follow the Test procedures may adversely affect test performance and/or invalidate the test result.
- Inadequate or inappropriate sample collection, storage, and transport may yield false test results
- A negative test result may occur if the level of antigen in a sample is below the detection limit of the test. • False results may occur if specimens are tested past 4 hours of collection. Specimens should be tested as
- quickly as possible after specimen collection. • The freshly collected specimens can be stably stored in the sample extraction buffer at room temperature
- up to 4 hours of collection.
- False negative results may occur if inadequate extraction buffer is used (e.g., <300µl) or inadequate specimen is added in the sample well (e.g., <4 drops).
- False negative results may occur if specimen swabs are not twirled sufficiently in the sample extract buffer.
- Positive test results do not rule out co-infections with other pathogens.
 Negative test results do not rule-out possible other non-COVID-19 viral infections
- Negative results, from asymptomatic patients suspected of SARS-CoV-2 exposure and patients with symptom onset beyond seven days, should be treated as presumptive and confirmation with a molecular assay, if necessary, for patient management, may be performed.
- · Results from antigen testing should not be used as the sole basis to diagnose or exclude SARS-CoV-2 infection or to determine infection status.
- Results from the test should be correlated with the clinical history, epidemiological data and other data available to the clinician evaluating the patient.
- This test only provides qualitative test result and cannot provide information about the virus concentration in the sample.
- The performance of the device has not been assessed on specimens from individuals who have been infected with emerging variants of SARS-CoV-2 of public health concern. • For mutant virus strains or virus strains from different regions, the detection ability of the device may be
- different, which may lead to false negative. • If the differentiation of specific SARS viruses and strains is needed, additional testing, in consultation with
- state or local public health departments, is required. · Positive and negative predictive values are highly dependent on prevalence. False negative test results are
- more likely during peak activity when prevalence of disease is high. False positive test results are more likely during periods of low SARS-CoV-2 activity when prevalence is moderate to low.

. Serial Testing (Repeat Testing) Information and Limitations:

- Serial testing (i.e., testing every other day) is more likely to detect COVID-19, both when you do or do not have any symptoms
- . A negative result should be followed by repeat or serial testing at least twice within a three-day interval with at least 48 hours between testing for symptomatic individuals and/or at least three times within a five-day interval with at least 48 hours between tests for asymptomatic people. A self-test can be used for this additional test.
- The performance of this test was not clinically validated for serial testing. Serial testing recommendations are supported by the study conducted by the National Institutes of Health (NIH) and the University of Massachusetts Chan Medical School in collaboration with the US FDA.
- · All COVID-19 antigen test negative results are presumptive and confirmation with a molecular assay may be necessary. If you continue to have symptoms of COVID-19, and both your first and second tests are negative, you may not have COVID-19, however you should follow-up with a healthcare provider.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

· Limit of Detection (LoD)-Analytical Sensitivity

The limit of detection (LoD) of Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test is 1x103 TCID50/mL

None of the below related pathogens: Coronavirus OC43(ATCC: VR-1558™); Coronavirus NL63; Coronavirus 229E; SARS Coronavirus (2003-00592 strain); MERS Coronavirus(Florida/USA-2_Saudi Arabia 2014): H1N1 influenza virus (2009) (Canada/629/09 strain): H1N1 influenza virus (ATCC:VR-98[™]);Seasonal H3N2 influenza virus (Brisbane/10/07 strain); Influenza B (Yamagata/16/88 strain); Influenza B (Victoria/2/87 strain); Parainfluenza virus type 1(ATCC: VR-94™); Parainfluenza virus type 2 (ATCC: VR-92™); Parainfluenza virus type 3(ATCC: VR-93™); Parainfluenza virus type 4b (ATCC: VR-1377); Respiratory syncytial virus (ATCC: VR-1580™); Rhinovirus A (73)(ATCC: VR-1183™); Rhinovirus B (B42); Adenovirus type 1 (C); Adenovirus type 2 (C); Adenovirus type 3 (B); Adenovirus type 4; Adenovirus type 5; Adenovirus type 7 (7A); Enterovirus Group A (71)(2003); Enterovirus group D (68); Epstein-Barr virus (B95-8); Measles virus; Human cytomegalovirus; Rotavirus, WA strain; Mumps virus 1; Varicella-zoster virus (strain 82); Metapneumovirus (Peru6-2003); Mycoplasma pneumoniae (M129); Chlamydia pneumoniae (ATCC: VR-1435™); Haemophilus influenzae (ATCC: 49144™); Legionella (ATCC: 33152™); Mycobacterium tuberculosis (ATCC: 25177™); Streptococcus pyogenes (ATCC: 19615™); Streptococcus pneumoniae (ATCC:49619™); Staphylococcus epidermidis(PCI 1200, ATCC: 12228™); Staphylococcus aureus (ATCC: 12600™); Bordetella pertussis type 5(ATCC: 9340-FZ™); Pneumocystis (W303-Pji strain); Candida albicans (ATCC: 44373) cross-reacted with Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test when the virus content>10⁵PFU/mL and the bacterial content>106CFU/mL, nor did they interfere with the test results. The negative matrix prepared from pooled human nasal wash- representative of normal respiratory microbial flora and 20 negative nasopharyngeal swab specimens from healthy volunteers were detected negative, indicating Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test has good analytical specificity.

• Endogenous/Exogenous Interference Study

There was no interference for potential interfering substances listed below: Mucin (0.5% W/V), Whole blood (4%W/V), Beclomethasone (0.5mg/mL), Dexamethasone (1mg/mL), Flunisolide (5mg/mL), Triamcinolone acetonide (1mg/mL), Budesonide (2mg/mL), Mometasone (2mg/mL), Fluticasone (5%V/V), Naso GEL (NeiMed) (5%V/V), Phenylephrine (10%V/V), Oxymetazoline (10%V/V), Sodium chloride (with preservatives) (10% V/V), Menthol (1.5mg/mL), Benzocaine (1.5 mg/mL), CVS Nasal Spray (Cromolyn) (15%V/V), Zicam (5%V/V), Homeopathic (Alkalol) (1:10), Sore Throat Phenol Spray(15%V/V), alpha interferon (200,000IU/mL), Zanamivir (1mg/mL), Ribavirin (2mg/mL), Oseltamivir (5 mg/mL), Peramivir (2mg/mL), Lopinavir (2mg/mL), Ritonavir (2mg/mL), Ritonavir (2mg/mL), Abidor (4mg/mL), Levofloxacin (5mg/mL), Azithromycin (1mg/mL), Ceftriaxone Meropenem (2mg/mL), Mupirocin (10mg/mL), Tobramycin (4μg/mL), Histamine Dihydrochloride (10mg/mL), Biotin (1mg/mL).

HOOK Effect

There was no hook effect at 9.55x10⁶ TCID₅₀/mL of SARS-CoV-2 strain USA-WA1/2020.

Clinical Performance

This clinical performance data reflects the accuracy of the test when testing once. This test was not clinically validated for serial testing. The serial testing recommendations are supported by the study conducted by the National Institutes of Health (NIH) and the University of Massachusetts Chan Medical School in collaboration with the US FDA.

--- nasopharyngeal swab specimens

A total of 812 nasopharyngeal swab specimens including 108 RT-PCR confirmed SARS-CoV-2 positive and 704 RT-PCR confirmed SARS-CoV-2 negative were sequentially enrolled and tested blindly from Nov 27, 2020-Apr 19, 2021. All the 108 RT-PCR positive specimens were collected from symptomatic patients with 75 patients from 0-3 days post onset of symptoms, 26 patients from 4-7 days post onset of symptoms and 7 patients from >7 days post onset of symptoms. Out of 108 positive symptomatic samples, Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test identified 105 positive cases. The diagnostic sensitivity of symptomatic patients was 97.22% (95%CI: 92.10 -99.42), the diagnostic specificity was 99.72% (95% CI: 98.98- 99.97). Overall agreement is 99.39% (98.57-99.80), the Positive Predictive Value for the symptomatic patients was 98.13% (92.93-99.53) whereas the Negative Predictive Value (NPV) was 99.58% (98.72-99.86).

The performance of Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test against the comparator RT-PCR reagents

Artron COVID-19	RT-	Total		
Antigen Test	Positive	Negative		
Positive	105	2	107	
Negative	3	702	705	
Total	108	704	812	
Performance with 95% CI	Sensitivity	Specificity	Overall Agreement	
	97.22% (92.10 -99.42)	99.72% (98.98 -99.97)	99.39% (98.57-99.80)	

Summary of positive rate related to Ct Value

Original Ct value for N gene	Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test: Test Positivity Rate with 95%CI	Original Ct value for N gene	Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test: Test Positivity Rate with 95% CI	
<27	73/73 (100%)	<30	93/93(100%) (96.11-100.00)	
≥27, <30	20/20 (100%)			
≥30, <32	8/9 (88.89%)	≥30	12/15(80.00%) (51.91-95.67)	
≥32	4/6 (66.67%)	l		

Summary of the positive rate related to days post onset

-		
Days post onset of symptoms	Number of Cases	Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test: Test Positivity Rate with 95%CI
0-3	75	75/75(100%) (95.20-100.00)
4-7	26	25/26(96.15%) (80.36-99.90)
>7	7	5/7(71.43%) (29.04-96.33)

A total of 296 cases were recruited into clinical evaluation of Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test with nasal swab specimens. The participants were sequentially enrolled and tested blindly from Jan. 25, 2021 to Mar. 15, 2021. All the 296 cases were confirmed with SARS-CoV-2 RT-PCR at the same timepoint, including 69 SARS-CoV-2 symptomatic positives and 227 SARS-CoV-2 negatives.

Among the 69 positive symptomatic cases, there were 32 patients with 0-3 days post onset of symptoms, 31 patients with 4-7 days post onset, and 6 patients with post onset more than 7 day.

Out of a total of 69 RT-PCR confirmed symptomatic positive cases, Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test was able to correctly detect 63 specimens, with a sensitivity of 91.30% (95%CI: 82.03-96.74); detected 6 cases out of 10 specimens having Ct value over 30, with a sensitivity of 60.00% (6/10, 95%CI: 26.24-87.84); detected 57 specimens from 59 cases with a Ct value below 30 with 96.61% (57/59, 95%Cl: 88.29-99.59) sensitivity. Among the 69 positive symptomatic cases, Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test identified 32 from 32 samples with post onset 0-3 days (32/32, 100%, 95%Cl: 89.11-100.00), 28 from 31 samples with post onset 4-7 days (28/31, 90.32%,95%Cl: 74.25-97.96), 3 from 6 samples with post onset over 7 days (3/6, 50%, 95%Cl: 11.81-88.19).

Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test was able to detect 226 negatives from 227 RT-PCR confirmed negative cases accurately, with a specificity of 99.56% (95%CI: 97.57-99.99).

The Positive Predictive Value (PPV) for all the samples was 98.44% (95%CI: 89.90- 99.78) whereas the Negative Predictive Value (NPV) was 97.42% (95%CI: 94.63-98.78). The overall agreement was 96.97% (95%CI: 94.50-98.54).

The performance of Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test against the comparator RT-PCR reagents

Artron COVID-19	RT-	Total	
Antigen Test	Positive Negative		
Positive	63	1	64
Negative	6	226	232
Total	69	227	296
Performance with	Sensitivity	Specificity	Overall Agreement
95% CI	91.30%(82.03-96.74)	99.56%(97.57-99.99)	96.97%(94.50-98.54)

Summary of positive rate related to Ct Value

Original Ct value	Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test: Test Positivity Rate with 95%CI	Original Ct	Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test: Test Positivity Rate with 95% CI	
<27	44/44(100%)	<30	57/59(96.61%) (88.29-99.59)	
≥27, <30	13/15 (86.67%)			
≥30, <33	5/5 (100%)	≥30	6/10(60%) (26.24-87.84)	
≥33	1/5 (20%)		6/10(60%) (26.24-87.84)	

Summary of the positive rate related to days post onset

Days post onset of symptoms	Number of Cases	Artron COVID-19 Antigen Test: Test Positivity Rate with 95%CI
0-3	32	32/32(100%) (89.11-100.00)
4-7	31	28/31(90.32%) (74.25-97.96)
>7	6	3/6(50%) (11.81-88.19)

----Serial-testing clinical performance

The serial testing recommendations are supported by the study conducted by the National Institutes of Health (NIH) and the University of Massachusetts Chan Medical School in collaboration with the US FDA."

A prospective clinical study was conducted between January 2021 and May 2022 as a component of the Rapid Acceleration of Diagnostics (RADx) initiative from the National Institutes of Health (NIH). A total of 7,361 individuals were enrolled via a decentralized clinical study design, with a broad geographical representation of the United States. Per inclusion criteria, all individuals were asymptomatic upon enrollment in the study and at least 14 days prior to it and did not have a SARS-CoV-2 infection in the three months prior to enrollment. Participants were assigned to one of three EUA authorized SARS-CoV-2 OTC rapid antigen tests to conduct serial testing (every 48 hours) for 15 days. If an antigen test was positive, the serial-antigen testing result is considered positive

At each rapid antigen testing time point, study subjects also collected a nasal swab for comparator testing using a home collection kit (using a 15-minute normalization window between swabs). SARS-CoV-2 infection status was determined by a composite comparator method on the day of the first antigen test, using at least two highly sensitive EUA RT-PCRs. If results of the first two molecular tests were discordant a third highly sensitive EUA RT-PCR test was performed, and the final test result was based upon the majority rule

Study participants reported symptom status throughout the study using the MyDataHelps app. Two-day serial antigen testing is defined as performing two antigen tests 36 - 48 hours apart. Three-day serial antigen testing is defined as performing three antigen tests over five days with at least 48 hours between

Out of the 7,361 participants enrolled in the study, 5,609 were eligible for analysis. Among eligible participants, 154 tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 infection based on RT-PCR, of which 97 (62%) were asymptomatic on the first day of their infection, whereas 57 (39%) reported symptoms on the first day of infection. Pre-symptomatic subjects were included in the positive percent agreement (PPA) of asymptomatic individuals, if they were asymptomatic on the first day of antigen testing, regardless of whether they developed symptoms at any time after the first day of testing.

Performance of the antigen test with serial testing in individuals is described in the table below.

COVID-19 antigen serial testing compared to the molecular comparator single day testing throughout the course of infection with serial testing. (Data is from all antigen tests in study combined.)

DAYS AFTER FIRST PCR POSITIVE TEST RESULT	ASYMPTOMATIC ON FIRST DAY OF TESTING Ag Positive/PCR Positive (Antigen Test Pe			ON FIRST	SYMPTOMATIC ON FIRST DAY OF TESTING		
	1 Test	2 Test	3 Test	1 Test	2 Test	3 Test	
0	9/97	35/89	44/78	34/57	47/51	44/47	
	(9.3%)	(39.3%)	(56.4%)	(59.6%)	(92.2%)	(93.6%)	
2	17/34	23/34	25/32	58/62	59/60	43/43	
	(50.0%)	(67.6%)	(78.1%)	(93.5%)	(98.3%)	(100%)	
4	16/21	15/20	13/15	55/58	53/54	39/40	
	(76.2%)	(75.0%)	(86.7%)	(94.8%)	(98.1%)	(97.5%)	
6	20/28	21/27	16/18	27/34	26/33	22/27	
	(71.4%)	(77.8%)	(88.9%)	(79.4%)	(78.8%)	(81.5%)	
8	13/23	13/22	4/11	12/17	12/17	7/11	
	(56.5%)	(59.1%)	(36.4%)	(70.6%)	(70.6%)	(63.6%)	
10	5/9 (55.6%)	5/8 (62.5%)		4/9 (44.4%)	3/7 (42.9%)		

- 1 Test= one (1) test performed on the noted days after first PCR positive test result. Day 0 is the first day of documented infection with SARS-CoV-2.
- 2 Tests= two (2) tests performed an average of 48 hours apart. The first test performed on the indicated day and the second test performed 48 hours later.

 3 Tests= three (3) tests performance an average of 48 hours apart. The first test performed on the indicated
- day, the second test performed 48 hours later, and a final test performed 48 hours after the second test.

REFERENCES

- Clinical management of severe acute respiratory infection (SARI) when COVID-19 disease is suspected. Interim guidance. World Health Organization. 13 March 2020.
- Report of the WHO-China Joint Mission on Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). World Health Organization. 16-24 February 2020.
- The Epidemiological Characteristics of an Outbreak of 2019 Novel Coronavirus Diseases (COVID-19) Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention. CCDC Weekly, 2(8):113-122, 2020.
- A novel coronavirus outbreak of global health concern. Wang C et al. Lancet, 395(10223):470-473, 2020

INDEX OF SYMBOLS

Do not reuse



In vitro diagnostic medical device



Temperature limitation



Manufacturer

Caution



Authorised representative in the European community



3938 North Fraser Way Burnaby, BC V5J 5H6 Canada

TEL: +1 604-415-9757 FAX: +1 604-415-9795 www.artronlab.com info@artronlab.com

Batch code Use by



Contains suffi cient for < n > tests



Catalog number

Consult instructions for use



CF Mark



MedNet EC-REPGmbH

Borkstrasse 10 48163 Muenster Germany

Doc No. A03-50-422P-EN

VER. 23-03-HC

Revision: Feb. 15, 2023